

VOL. LVI.—NO. 310 NORWICH, CONN., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1914 TWELVE PAGES PRICE TWO CENTS

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

# THE GERMAN MOVE WAS CHECKED

## Have Failed to Break Through Russian Line, Which Has Been Greatly Reinforced

### INVADERS HAVE SUFFERED GREAT LOSSES

#### Failure of Austrian Advance Through Carpathians is Said to Have Had a Serious Effect in Connection With the Austrian-German Campaign in the East—In France and Belgium the Fighting is of a Nature Which Permits Only Small Advances on Either Side—Seven Aeroplanes are Said to Have Dropped Bombs in Dunkirk—During Recent British Raid on Cuxhaven a Large Zeppelin Was Destroyed in Its Shed.

The third German advance on Warsaw has been definitely checked, according to the view of the military situation in Poland held by the officials at Petrograd. In that territory the Germans, who have been fighting merely for tactical purposes, have suffered great losses, but they have failed to break through the Russian line, which has been greatly reinforced before the Polish capital.

The failure of the Austrian advance through the Carpathians is said to have had a serious effect in connection with the Austrian-German campaign in the east. The first houses of St. Laurent have been in our possession since Dec. 17. This position we held in spite of violent counter-attacks by day and by night. Dec. 24 we gained 100 yards more.

French Artillery Active.

"Our artillery never loses time or opportunity to shoot when the weather is clear enough. Our guns succeeded in blowing up a depot of munitions at Thelus, to the north of Arras, and several caissons at a point to the east of Bapaume."

"Between Arras and Noyon the most important actions took place between Albert and Comblanchien, at La Boisselle, at Mametz, at Carnoy and at Maricourt to the north of Roye, and at Lihons. Dec. 17, 18 and 19 we occupied the cemetery of La Boisselle, a blockhouse near Ouvillers, the first line of trenches of the enemy at Maricourt and we reached the southern boundary line of Mametz. Dec. 23, at a point near La Boisselle, we pushed our trenches forward for a distance of 300 yards. Dec. 24 we were in possession of all the southern part of Bapaume and this last day we took 30 prisoners and one machine gun. The Germans then came as a counter-attack, but we drove them back at a point near Carnoy and we have succeeded in consolidating our position."

German Trench Taken.

"A German trench taken by us Dec. 18, and evacuated the 17th was retained the 18th. During this time our artillery destroyed the German trenches to the northeast of Carnoy and destroyed the machine guns (Dec. 19). The following day, extending the range of its fire, our artillery demolished two pieces in a German battery at a point near Noyon."

#### SUPER-ZEPPELIN WAS DESTROYED AT CUXHAVEN

##### By Bomb Dropped by British During Recent Raid.

Geneva, via Paris, Dec. 20. 11:20 a. m.—News has reached Remondhorn from Friedrichshafen to the effect that during the recent British aerial raid on Cuxhaven, one of the super-Zeppelins was completely destroyed. The ship was completely destroyed by a bomb dropped by the aviators. The second Zeppelin only escaped by rising rapidly in the air.

It is stated that the British attack inland of Cuxhaven, where the Zeppelin was destroyed, came as a complete surprise. The Friedrichshafen factory, it is said, has received urgent orders to hasten the completion of two Zeppelins now building there in order to replace the big machine destroyed at Cuxhaven. The men in the factory are working overtime. Count Zeppelin has arrived at Friedrichshafen from the front yesterday to supervise the work.

#### WASHINGTON CONFIDENT OF AMICABLE ADJUSTMENTS.

##### Of Numerous Difficulties Which Have Arisen the Past Few Months.

Washington, Dec. 30.—While the American note to Great Britain concerning interruptions of the commerce of this country continued today to absorb the attention of the State Department, it was manifest to a tone of confidence that the numerous difficulties which had arisen in the last five months would be amicably adjusted.

Already the discussion had turned to measures which the United States could properly take in cooperation with Great Britain to reduce to a minimum the necessity for extensive search on the high seas. It became known that agents of the treasury department acting in cooperation with the state department in one case already had inspected a cargo of cotton, which inspection had satisfied the British embassy and facilitated the progress of the shipment to its destination.

The belief was held in official quarters that a mutual understanding might be reached whereby legitimate cargoes could be certified before their departure from this country and thereby be made immune from detention.

#### BELGIAN MINISTER PROTESTS

##### Of Merchandise Worth \$11,400,000—Means Ruin of Industry.

Washington, Dec. 30.—The Belgian minister today filed with the state department a protest against the requisitioning by German military authorities in Belgium of merchandise worth \$11,400,000 francs (\$11,400,000). He asserted that the policy of the Germans meant "the ruin of industry in Belgium."

The protest set forth that the goods were not taken for the use of the German army and that consequently the seizure was in violation of the fourth Hague convention. The merchandise included cotton, rubber, food, machines, canned goods and metal.

## Cabled Paragraphs

### Metric System for British Drug Stores

London, Dec. 31, 1914 a. m.—The metric system of weights and measures will become the standard for drug stores, the drug trade and physicians in all parts of the British empire with the new year, when the British pharmacopoeia goes into effect. The new pharmacopoeia discards the old system of weights and measures.

### Only Military Passports for Belgium

Rotterdam, Dec. 30 via London, Dec. 31, 1914 a. m.—Commencing Jan. 1, the German administration in Belgium intends to close the Belgian borders against all comers. No more passports will be issued or recognized, except the special military pass. The cause for this unusual precaution is not known here, but it is believed to have been ordered to prevent espionage.

### RUSSIANS BELIEVE THAT GERMANS HAVE BEEN CHECKED

#### That the Third German Advance on Warsaw Has Been Abandoned.

Petrograd, Dec. 30, via London, 6:35 p. m.—The Russian view of the military situation in Poland, in the light of recent developments, is that a definite check has been administered to the Germans. The evacuation by the Germans of the village of Matzow, five miles north of Sochaczew, related officially by the war office, is regarded by military critics here as "a ringing rebuff to the German advance."

### Tremendous Cost to Germans

At a tremendous cost to themselves, the Germans had succeeded in establishing a "foot-hold" in the village of Matzow, on the right bank of the Bzura river, but their persistent sledge-hammer attacks during the last three weeks failed to penetrate the Russian line before Warsaw. The Germans steadily threw reinforcements into the town in an endeavor to extend their position along the river. When it became evident that the Austrian advance from the Carpathian mountains had failed, the Germans evacuated the village during intervals between Russian attacks. The Austrian operations from the Carpathians evidently formed an integral part of the general plan of the Germans for the Warsaw campaign.

### Defensive Move of Trenches

Heavy artillery is being brought up by the Germans along their center between Skieniewice and the Pilica river. This is regarded as purely a defensive move, designed to prevent the breaking of the German line by the Russian infantry forces which are operating there under the cover of artillery.

### Unofficial Reports from the Warsaw Front

Unofficial reports from the Warsaw front state that in comparison with the heavy artillery and infantry operations are mere episodes.

### Russians Take Towns in Galicia

In Galicia the Russians have taken the important town of Gorlice. The Russian army of the Austrians, preventing it from joining with that of General Bohm-Ermolli, which was advancing from Sanok and Likow. Gorlice is the junction point of several railroads running east, west and south through the Carpathian district. The pursuit of the retreating Austrians in the Sanok-Likow district has been carried as far as Tysk, on the extreme left flank of the Austrians, where they were captured. Tysk commands the most important highway into Hungary.

Kiev state that their commanders, addressing the troops previous to the advance, said that the result of the campaign would be the recapture of Lemberg by the Russians, and that subsequent operations as directed by the German general staff would decide the war.

### Austrian Attacks in Galicia Fail

Lemberg, Galicia, Dec. 30, via London, 6:35 p. m.—The Austrian attacks of the Austrians in western Galicia and from the Carpathians proved to be a complete failure. Unofficial reports state that the Russian losses of the Austrians were enormous, and that the Russians have taken as many as 50,000 prisoners, including 10,000 Germans.

### Trainloads of Guns and Other War booty pass daily through Lemberg.

#### OBITUARY.

Rev. Otis J. Range.

Guliford, Conn., Dec. 30.—Rev. Otis J. Range, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and a former representative of this town in the general assembly at three sessions, died at his home here of an illness of three weeks. He was born in Meriden Sept. 28, 1840. He joined the Methodist church in 1866 and preached for some years in the town of Meriden. Since his retirement a few years ago he has acted as supply minister at Essex.

He was a member of the legislature in 1884, 1895 and in 1911-12. At the last session he was chairman of the committee on woman suffrage. Rev. Range was a Free Mason and Odd Fellow and for 18 years was grand chief templar of the Order of Good Templars in Connecticut.

He would have celebrated his golden wedding tomorrow had he lived. Besides his widow, he leaves a son and daughter. The funeral will be held Saturday and interment will be in Meriden.

#### ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE

##### OF BONI DE CASTELLANO.

#### Roto Tribunal Postpones Decision Pending Further Inquiry.

Roma, Dec. 31, 2:30 a. m.—The Roto tribunal met here today to decide the suit of Count Boni de Castellano for annulment of his marriage to Anna, Duchess of Salaparuta.

It was expected that the final decision of the tribunal would be rendered, but this was again postponed pending further inquiry into the case.

#### Vote on Suffrage Amendment Jan. 12

Washington, Dec. 30.—Woman suffrage amendment on Representative Henry, chairman of the house rules committee, today learned that the proposed suffrage constitutional amendment probably would be voted on by more than a two-thirds vote.

The Connecticut association opposed to woman suffrage today sent in a protest against the amendment.

#### Seven Aeroplanes Drop Bombs in Dunkirk

London, Dec. 31, 1:05 a. m.—News reached Dover last night that a squadron of seven aeroplanes flew over Dunkirk yesterday (Wednesday) and dropped bombs.

## Junior Republic Building Burned

### TWO MILES NORTH OF LITCHFIELD CENTER.

#### 30 BOYS IN DORMITORIES

##### The Matron and Several of the Boys Had to Make Exit by Ladders from Windows—Good Order Prevailed.

Litchfield, Dec. 30.—The main building of the George Junior Republic, on the road two miles north of Litchfield Center, was burned today. The building, with its contents were totally burned, and the latter included the library and winter stores. The loss placed at least \$100,000 in the hands of the insurance of only \$47,000 on the building.

### Escaped Through Windows

Thirty boys and the matron, Mrs. Gifford, slept in the rooms on the second floor, the boys being in dormitories. The smoke compelled Mrs. Gifford and several boys to make their exit by ladders from the windows. Although the fire occurred at 5 a. m., and the boys had to be aroused, there were 30 rooms in the building, several of those being used as dormitories.

### Cause of Fire Unknown

The cause of the fire is unknown. It started in the dining room where there was a large fireplace, and the presumption is that sparks from the fire there kindled the blaze gradually spreading until it involved the first floor. Mrs. Gifford was awakened by the fire, and she and the boys escaped by ladders from the windows.

### To Consider Plans of Rebuilding

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 30.—George Padmy, treasurer of Yale university, who is president of the Connecticut George Junior Republic said tonight that a meeting of the trustees of the republic will be called in an early date to consider plans of rebuilding the main buildings destroyed by fire in Litchfield today.

Mr. Padmy said that through the generosity of friends, beds, blankets and other supplies have been given the boys to provide for temporary accommodations in the school house and superintendent's cottage.

#### TEMPORARY CLOSING OF SALOONS IN KANSAS.

##### Applications Must Contain Signatures of Majority of White Adults in Municipality.

Little Rock, Ark., Dec. 30.—Fashering in of the new year tomorrow night will witness the closing, temporarily at least, of every saloon in Kansas. It will mark the second annual state-wide closing under the provisions of the Volstead law, which went into effect more than a year ago.

The law provides that a county judge may not issue licenses for any municipality until there is presented to him a petition bearing the signatures of a majority of the white adult residents.

In Little Rock, Hot Springs, Fort Smith and other smaller places, saloon keepers have circulated petitions and hope to reopen within a week or two.

#### BRITISH STEAMER ON LEDGE IN BAY OF FUNDY.

##### Will Probably Be a Total Loss—Carried Army Supplies.

Yarmouth, N. S., Dec. 30.—The steamer Navarre, a St. John, N. B., vessel bound for France with a full cargo of hay, oats, automobiles and other supplies for the British army in Flanders, was wrecked on a ledge in the Bay of Fundy, last night and will probably be a total loss.

The steamer went on the ledge during a fog and the heavy sea pounded her and the rocks, which pierced the hull. The engine room is full of water and some of the holds are flooded. The crew, who are in the hold, are in a desperate situation. The cargo of hay and oats is being lost. The army supplies are being lost.

#### ADDITIONAL ARRESTS MADE AT TERRE HAUTE.

##### Total of 109 in Custody For Conspiracy at Election.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 30.—Deputy United States Marshals made two additional arrests at Terre Haute, Ind., in connection with the conspiracy to corrupt the election of November 3, 1914. Joseph Brown, a traveling salesman and Claude Patton, employed by the city as cemetery superintendent, were the latest to be taken into custody. One hundred and nine residents of Terre Haute have now been placed under arrest on account of the recent federal grand jury indictments.

#### Posses Pursuing Robbers in Arkansas

Hot Springs, Ark., Dec. 30.—Posses from three counties, with bloodhounds, are close in pursuit of the robbers who killed Constable Henderson Parker of Cove Creek, near here, last night. A Malvern merchant, and seriously injured his father, James Nunn, by beating him with a revolver in an unsuccessful attempt to rob him. The robbers have been trailed into the Ouachita river bottoms.

#### Ship Purchase Bill Recommended

Washington, Dec. 30.—Initiating the aggressive fight to be waged in congress for passage of the government ship purchase bill, majority members of the senate commerce committee today filed a report recommending the measure in vigorous terms.

#### \$25,000 Fire at Milford

Milford, Conn., Dec. 30.—Fire, thought to have started from defective wiring, tonight did \$25,000 damage to the residence of Harold Woodruff in Wall street.

## Senatorial Election is Expensive

### FIRST POPULAR CHOICE COST NEARLY HALF MILLION.

#### GEORGIA MOST COSTLY

##### Estimated That Should All the Senators Be Elected at One Time Cost Would Be \$1,384,000.

Washington, Dec. 30.—Nearly half a million dollars was spent by candidates of all parties last November in the first popular election of United States senators in the history of the government. To be exact, \$460,772.25 represents the total of sworn statements of campaign expenditures filed with the secretary of the senate by the men who sought senatorial honors from 31 states.

### Candidates Paid \$271,926.25

Of this grand total, there was contributed from corporate sources to the candidates \$138,847.99. In accordance with these figures, therefore, the candidates themselves turned into circulation for the privilege of running for office \$271,926.25.

### Senators Who Looked over the Figures

Today manifested great interest in the figures. It was remarked that should all the senators be elected at one time the cost to the candidates, based upon the ratio established, would be three times as great, or approximately \$1,384,000.

### Democrats Led in Expenditures

Democrats led in the expenditure with \$242,895.90. Republican candidates spent \$158,884.33; progressives, \$123,847.99; prohibitionists, \$4,432.33; socialists, \$354.74, and independents, \$1,040.66. The average per capita expenditure was: Democrats \$3,074.63; republicans, \$2,522.44.

### North Carolina the Lowest

The largest expenditures occurred in the state of Georgia, where two senators were elected, the amount sworn to by all candidates being \$141,452.83. North Carolina candidates, where Senator Overman was re-elected, brought up the rear with a total expenditure of \$7,023.45. William Hendley, defeated progressive of Oregon, who reported that he disbursed \$10,324.94 and had contributed to his campaign \$10,415.23, was the only candidate to exceed the \$10,000 limit fixed by law.

### Several candidates reported that they spent no money whatever, but the lowest expenditure on record was eight cents, reported by E. L. Hitchens, socialist candidate in Ohio.

Republished in the New England states were as follows: Connecticut, \$2,703.55; New Hampshire, \$2,222.23.

#### FRANCE BUILDING TWO FLEETS OF AIRCRAFT.

##### With Which to Invade Germany in the Spring.

New York, Dec. 30.—France is building two great fleets of aircraft, armed with poison gas, which will be used to invade Germany in the spring. The first fleet, which will be used to invade Germany in the spring, will be used to invade Germany in the spring.

Hundreds of armored airplanes, each carrying a small cannon and bombs, and numerous monoplanes equipped with bombs and steel darts will be ready to sweep across the German front when winter campaigning begins. The monoplanes are intended mainly for scout work and will make a speed of 120 miles an hour. All the planes will have a cruising range of 150 miles from the front line, he said, and their attack will not be in the form of raids by a few machines, but by large divisions.

The aviators to man these machines are now being trained in several large schools established for the purpose.

Chapa, who is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, is to go to Mexico City to construct aeroplanes for the Mexican government.

#### JANE PEYTON APPLIES FOR ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE

##### Actress Asserts That Her Marriage to Guy Post Was Innocently Bigamous.

Chicago, Dec. 30.—Jane Peyton, actress, today applied in the superior court here for annulment of her marriage to Guy Post, the actor. She asserts that her marriage to Post was innocently bigamous, as she supposed at the time that she had been divorced from the late Arthur Cecil Gordon, a musician and actor. The plaintiff in the case at one time was well known in local society as Miss Jennie Van Norman, daughter of a wealthy stockbroker. Her first husband was Dr. Robert Curtis Brown, a wealthy physician of Milwaukee, from whom she was divorced and married Post. She and Post were married in 1907.

#### Movements of Steamships

Marselles, Dec. 27.—Arrived: Steamer Britannia, New York and Providence.

Genoa, Dec. 28.—Arrived: Steamer Canonic, Boston.

New York, Dec. 30.—Sailed: Steamers Lusitania, Liverpool; Themistocles, Piraeus, Liverpool.

Halifax, Dec. 30.—Arrived: Steamer Pretorian, Liverpool.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 30.—Former President William H. Taft will be the principal speaker at the annual meeting of the New York State Bar association, which will be held in this city Jan. 22 and 23.

#### No Japanese Troops at Vladivostok

Tokio, Dec. 31, 12:16 a. m.—The foreign office says the reports in circulation that Japanese troops have landed in Vladivostok, at any other place on their way to Europe are absolutely untrue.

#### Four Year Old Girl Sealed

Midlandtown, Conn., Dec. 30.—As the result of burns received when a kettle of boiling water fell on her, 4 year old Annie Sava died tonight in a hospital. The child accidentally pulled the kettle from the stove.

## Condensed Telegrams

The price of cotton at Bremen is 22 cents a pound.

Fourteen regular lines now use the Panama Canal.

The Bank of England received 8,000 pounds bar gold.

The heavy storm over northern Europe continues unabated.

The Bureau at Washington issued warnings for another cold wave.

Mayor Mitchell signed the New York budget for 1915, the final figure being \$98,959,736.52.

The army appropriation bill carrying \$101,144,558 was formally reported to the House.

The Illinois Central Railroad has begun the construction of \$300,000 hospital at Chicago.

The securities committee of the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange established new minimum prices.

The wine harvest in eastern France is 1,484,000,000 gallons as against 1,050,000,000 gallons in 1913.

President Wilson told callers at the White House that business is growing better and healthier every day.

W. C. Hoag, of Burlington, Vt., won the state checker championship from a field of 17 players yesterday.

A charter has been granted at Dover, Del., to the Eagle Macomber Motor Car Co., capitalized at \$1,500,000.

Forty trains of Germans dead from the western front have been sent to Charleroi to be burned in furnaces.

The body of an unidentified man with the head severed was found by hunters in the woods near Almont, N. Y.

Moulds for making counterfeit half dollars were found in the cell of William Brandon in the Missouri State Prison.

The Carnegie Steel Co.'s No. 2 blast furnace at Youngstown, O., which has been banked since November 20, was blown in.

Secretary Redfield announced that exports from the United States in December, up to the 26th, exceeded imports by \$88,000,000.

Fourteen new cases of diphtheria were reported by the health authorities of Hoboken, N. J., making 141 cases in the month of December.

The safe at the Attleboro Falls, Mass., post office was blown open and about \$200 in stamps and money obtained by robbers.

The work of digging about the hut where the body of Maurice Albertson, a Lawrence jewelry salesman, was discovered last week, was begun.

The prosecution rested yesterday in the trial of four manslaughter charges against Dr. D. A. Blabbe, a Bristol, Vt., druggist who is accused of selling liquor containing wood alcohol.

Secretary Daniels ordered the bating Louisiana to New Orleans to participate in January 8, in celebrating the centenary of the Battle of New Orleans.

Harry Alex, a New Britain merchant, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court yesterday. His liabilities are \$101,946 and assets \$84,491.

The steamers Princess Margaret and Princess Irene, just completed in England for service with the Canadian Pacific have been taken over by the Admiralty.

George Horn, 29, of Millville, N. J., shot and killed six-year-old boy, who he shot and killed with the intention of shooting Alice Pett, who he feared would kill him.

Twenty-four republican senators-elect dined at the Hartford club, with Colonel Louis R. Cheney, who will represent one of the Hartford districts in the next senate.

The Minneapolis Bedding Co., of Minneapolis, has received an order from Ecuador as a result of a canvass for business begun at the outbreak of the war.

Four dreadnaughts and two battle cruisers will be recommended in a resolution to be offered by Representative Stevens of California, of the House Naval Committee.

Gussie Leder, fifteen, living in New York, caused a fatal accident by inhaling gas after she received word her family had lost their home in Rzeszow, Galicia, by the war.

The executive committee of the state police association met at a Hartford hotel for a discussion of matters of general interest. Ten chiefs were in attendance.

President Wilson will ask for early passage of the bill consolidating the revenue cutter service and the life saving service and naming the merged services "The Coast Guards."

The comparatively mild weather this month has been favorable to the herding fisheries of the west coast of Newfoundland, and already about ten million pounds has been shipped from Bay of Islands.

The Russian government announces that it has set aside \$50,000 for prizes in an international competition to be organized for the discovery of new technical methods for utilizing industrial alcohol.

The arrival in Austin, Texas, of Postmaster-General Burleson gave rise to the report that he will announce his candidacy for the United States Senate to succeed Senator Culberson before he returns to Washington.

Averke Widunowier, 22 years old, who has been living about New York for two years, was delivered over to the custody of Sheriff Eddy, of Michigan. He is charged in Albion, Mich., with the embezzlement of \$100 and larceny of a watch and cash amounting to about \$50.

Strong Winds Forecast.

New York, Dec. 30.—The local weather bureau today received the following special from Washington: "Continue storm warnings 3 p. m. Delaware Breakwater to Eastport. Strong westerly winds this afternoon and tonight."

The steamer Trent of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Co., sank at her pier in London.

## Duckhunter Was Evading Arrest

### VERDICT RETURNED BY CORONER'S JURY AT BUFFALO.

#### REFUSED TO GO ASHORE

##### Testimony Showed That Men Were Trying to Escape and That the Shooting Was Unintentional.

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 30.—A coroner's jury at Fort Erie, Ontario, empaneled to investigate the death of Walter Smith, the Buffalo man shot by Canadian soldiers on Monday, returned its verdict tonight after hearing the testimony of the soldiers, Thomas A. Denaney, a provincial police officer, and several eye-witnesses.

### Coroner's Verdict

"We find that the deceased, Walter Smith, met his death on Monday forenoon, Dec. 28, while evading arrest for unlawfully shooting ducks out of season in Canadian waters by a volley delivered accidentally from the rifles of three militiamen who were called upon by Provincial Officer Thomas Denaney to assist him."

### Officer Denaney Assumed Responsibility

Officer Denaney, who occupied the stand for more than an hour, took the responsibility for the whole affair on his own shoulders. He called upon the soldiers to help him make the arrests, he said, under the law that permits an officer of the law to call upon any citizen for help in an emergency and he did the firing.

J. B. Currie, United States vice consul, questioned the officer's authority to call upon the soldiers, but he was upheld by the crown attorney that Denaney had such authority under the laws of Ontario.

### Refused to Come Ashore

Officer Denaney testified that he had watched Smith and his companion, Dorach, while they landed at the time Smith was killed, shooting ducks from Canadian waters. He called to them to come ashore; that they were under arrest. They refused to come ashore. He then telephoned for the soldiers.

"I want to arrest those two fellows who shot after the soldiers," Officer Denaney testified he told the soldiers. "They care into them, but don't hit them."

### Cautious Soldiers

When the bullets from the first and second volleys splashed near the hunter's boat, Denaney said, he again cautioned the soldiers not to shoot so close.

The third and fatal volley, Denaney said, was fired after the soldiers had headed toward the American shore. He had told the soldiers to let them go, when one of them said: "Let's give them another one." Denaney consented. Only two of the soldiers fired.

### Did Not Realize Men Were Hit

Denaney said he saw the men drop into the bottom of